

Bureau of Transportation Statistics



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Freight Transportation in California

Selected Data from Federal Sources

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Bureau of Transportation Statistics

T. R. Lakshmanan, Director

The Bureau of Transportation Statistics (BTS), established by the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991, is an operating administration of the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT). The Bureau is responsible for compiling, analyzing, and disseminating information on the nation's transportation systems. The Bureau collects information on intermodal transportation and other topics as needed. BTS is also responsible for enhancing the quality and effectiveness of DOT's statistical programs through research and improvements in data acquisition and use.

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Table of Contents

Preface	ii
Transportation Facilities	
Commodity Movements Commodity Flow Survey	4
Exports To and Imports From Canada and Mexico Surface Transborder Commodity Data	
Rail Shipments Rail Waybill Data, 1988-1992	
Waterborne Commerce United States Waterway Data	
Transportation Establishments	
Truck Registration and Vehicle-Miles Traveled Truck Inventory and Use Survey (TIUS) Highway Statistics	29
Motor Carrier Statistics Motor Carrier Financial and Operational Statistics	
Fatal Truck Crashes Truck and Bus Accident Factbook	
Rail Accidents and Fatalities Railroad Accident/Incident Reporting System (RAIRS)	
Hazardous Materials Incidents	

Preface

Welcome to the State Freight Transportation Profile. This report presents information on freight transportation in California and is part of a series of reports covering all 50 States. The purpose of the report is to present the major Federal databases related to State freight movements. Along with tables generated for each State, this report gives descriptions of the databases, information on access and formats, and contact points.

The database descriptions are based on entries in the Bureau of Transportation Statistics' (BTS) Directory of Transportation Data Sources. This publication provides users with a comprehensive inventory of transportation data sources within the Department of Transportation, other Federal government agencies, U.S. private transportation organizations, and Canadian and Mexican government agencies.

This report was prepared by Felix Ammah-Tagoe and David Mednick under the direction of Rolf R. Schmitt, Associate Director for Transportation Studies. Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL) prepared many of the tables and provided valuable assistance in compiling this report. Additional copies of this report may be obtained by contacting the Bureau of Transportation Statistics at (202) 366-3282, by faxing (202) 366-3640, or by e-mailing orders@bts.gov.

BTS plans to publish State profiles on other transportation topics as well. Because this is a new product, reader and user feedback is particularly essential to continued improvement. Please use the comment form enclosed or send comments to info@bts.gov.

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Transportation Facilities

National Transportation Atlas Databases-1996

Abstract

The National Transportation Atlas Databases—1996 (NTAD96) is a set of national geographic databases of transportation facilities. These databases include geospatial information for transportation modal networks and intermodal terminals, and related attribute information. Included are descriptions of the file formats and database metadata as prescribed by the Federal Geographic Data Committee (FGDC). The data support research, analysis, and decision making across all modes of transportation. The databases are most useful at the national level, but have major applications at regional, state, and local scale throughout the transportation community.

Source of Data

The databases were compiled from many parts of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, and the National Park Service.

Attributes

Geographic Coverage of Data: United States

First Developed: 1995 Update Frequency: Annual File Format: ASCII, dBase Media: CD-ROM, Internet

Significant Features/Limitations

The NTAD96 is available in both MS-DOS and UNIX compatible CD-ROM format. The files are also available on the Internet. The databases are designed for use within a geographic information system (GIS). Users should check the BTS world wide web site (www.bts.gov) for corrections and addenda.

Sponsoring Organization

Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics

Performing Organization

Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Vanderbilt University, and University of Tennessee Transportation Center

Availability

CD-ROM: DOT/Bureau of Transportation Statistics, 400 7th Street, SW, Room 3430, Washington, DC 20590; (202) 366-3282; Fax: (202) 366-3640.

Internet: www.bts.gov.

Contact for Additional Information

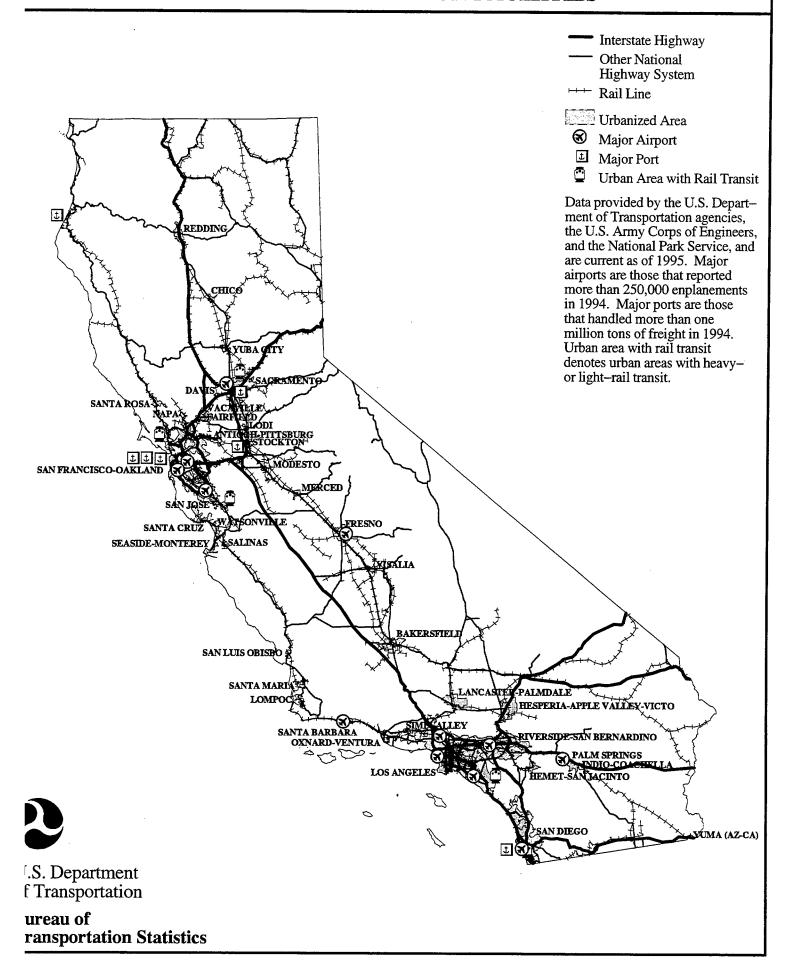
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CALIFORNIA MAJOR TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES



Commodity Movements

Commodity Flow Survey

Abstract

The Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) provides data on the movement of freight by type of commodity shipped and by mode of transport. The CFS is a continuation of statistics collected in the Commodity Transportation Survey from 1963 through 1977, and includes major improvements in methodology, sample size and scope. The Bureau of the Census used a sample of 200,000 domestic establishments randomly selected from a universe of about 800,000 in manufacturing, mining, wholesale, and some selected activities in retail and service. Each selected establishment reported a sample of shipments for a two-week period in each of the four calendar quarters of 1993. This produced a total sample of about 12 million shipments. For each sampled shipment, respondents reported domestic origin and destination, Standard Transportation Commodity Classification (STCC) code, weight, value, and modes of transport. Respondents also provided information on whether the commodity was shipped in a container, a hazardous material, or an export.

Source of Data

A sample of manufacturing, mining, wholesale, auxiliary warehouses, and selected retail and service establishments completed a questionnaire.

Attributes

Geographic Coverage of Data: U.S. totals, state, 89 National Transportation Analysis Regions (combination of Bureau of Economic Analysis Economic Areas)

First Developed: 1993

Update Frequency: Quinquennial (next planned

survey year is 1997)

File Format: Aggregate data only will be

released

Media: CD-ROM, Printed source, Internet

Significant Features/Limitations

The 1993 CFS differs from previous surveys in expanded coverage of intermodal transportation, additional industry coverage, and more detailed geographic levels. Earlier surveys reported only the principal mode. The 1993 survey asked for all modes used for the shipment (for-hire truck, private truck, rail, water, pipeline, air, parcel delivery or U.S. Postal Service, other mode, unknown). The 1993 CFS produces data at the U.S., state, and National Transportation Analysis Region (NTAR) levels. There are 89 NTARs, comprised of BEA Economic Areas covering the United States.

The 1993 CFS does not cover shipments of crude petroleum and imports, which primarily affect water transportation and pipelines. Oak Ridge National Laboratory has estimated commodity flows for these two categories. Also, the Survey does not cover establishments classified in the Standard Industrial Classification as farms, forestry, fisheries, oil and gas extraction, governments, construction, transportation, households, foreign establishments, and most retail and service businesses. Furthermore, the CFS does not cover data on shipments originating in Puerto Rico and other U.S. territories and possessions. Commodities that are shipped from a foreign location to another foreign destination, through the United States (e.g., from Canada to Mexico) are also excluded from the Survey.

Corresponding Print Source

1993 Commodity Flow Survey: U. S. Preliminary Report (by Census Bureau)

1993 Commodity Flow Survey: Area Reports for 50 States (by Census Bureau)

1993 Commodity Flow Survey: Preliminary Observations (by the Bureau of Transportation Statistics)

1993 Commodity Flow Survey: State Summaries (by the Bureau of Transportation Statistics)

Sponsoring Organization

U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics; and the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

Performing Organization

Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census; and Oak Ridge National Laboratory

Availability

CD-ROM and Printed Sources: Bureau of the Census, Commodity Flow Survey Branch, Services Division, Washington, DC 20233; (301) 457-2805.

CD-ROM and Printed Sources: DOT/Bureau of Transportation Statistics, 400 7th Street, SW, Room 3430, Washington, DC 20590; (202) 366-3282; Fax: (202) 366-3640.

Internet: www.bts.gov.

Contact for Additional Information

John Fowler Chief, Commodity Flow Survey Branch DOC/Bureau of the Census, Services Division (301) 457-2108, Fax: (301) 457-4491

Commodity Movements Originating in California Summary of 1993 CFS

In California, the CFS measured \$639 billion of goods weighing 707 million tons. California accounted for approximately 11 percent of the value and 7 percent of the weight of total U.S. shipments. The CFS data cover shipments by establishments in mining, manufacturing, wholesale, and selected retail and service industries. The data exclude most shipments of crude oil; therefore, the totals and percentages do not fully reflect the contribution of pipeline shipments.

The major commodities shipped by establishments vary when measured by value and by weight of the shipments. The major commodities by value in California were: food and kindred products; electrical machinery; transport equipment; machinery including computers; and petroleum or coal products. The top two commodities by weight were: petroleum or coal products; and nonmetallic minerals. Other important commodities shipped by weight were: food and kindred products; clay, concrete, glass or stone products; and lumber or wood products excluding furniture.

Local transportation of freight is important to California's commerce. The distribution of commodities by domestic destination and distance of shipments reflects the importance of local transport. The CFS shows that in 1993, about 61 percent of the value and 91 percent of the weight of total shipments from California were shipped to destinations within the state. Almost 40 percent of the value and about 68 percent of the weight of all shipments were

between places less than 50 miles apart. In comparison, about 30 percent of the value and 56 percent of the weight of total U.S. shipments were between places less than 50 miles apart. In California, almost half (48 percent) of the value of shipments and over three-quarters (77 percent) of the weight of shipments were between places less than 100 miles apart. These percentages also reflect the "domestic distance" of exports to overseas. The CFS measures the "domestic distance" of exports as the distance between the place of origin and the port of export.

About 39 percent of the value and 9 percent of the weight of all shipments from California went to other states. Important destination states by value of shipments were: Texas, Arizona, New York, Illinois, and Florida. Important destination states by weight of shipments were: Oregon, Arizona, Nevada, Texas, and Washington.

Most commodities (67 percent of the value and 74 percent of the weight) were moved by trucks. Air accounted for nearly 5 percent of the value of shipments. And pipelines moved approximately 14 percent of the weight. The CFS data confirm the rising importance of parcel, U.S. postal, and courier services that have emerged in recent years. In 1993, this mode of transport was used to move 2.8 million tons of goods worth \$91 billion or 14 percent of the value of all shipments in California. In comparison, about 9 percent of the value of total U.S. shipments were moved by this mode.

1993 Commodity Flow Survey State Summary: California

Tabulation by the Bureau of Transportation Statistics, U.S. Department of Transportation

Summary	Value	Weight
Total shipments originating in California	\$638.5 billion	706.5 million tons
Percent of total U.S. shipments (preliminary U.S. estimate)	10.6	7.2

Commodity Shipments Originating in California Ranked by Value		Commodity Shipments Originating in California Ranked by Weight		
Commodity	Percent of value	Commodity	Percent of weight	
Food or kindred products	14.0	Petroleum or coal products	29.1	
Electrical machinery and equipment	12.7	Nonmetallic minerals	19.1	
Transportation equipment	10.5	Food or kindred products	11.2	
Machinery, including computers	9.7	Clay, concrete, glass, or stone products	11.0	
Petroleum or coal products	7.0	Lumber or wood products, excluding furniture	4.4	
Other commodities	46.1	Other commodities	25.2	
Total	100.0	Total	100.0	

Domestic Destinations of Shipments Originating Ranked by Value	in California	Domestic Destinations of Shipments Originating in California Ranked by Weight		
State	Percent of value	State	Percent of weight	
California	61.2	California	91.2	
Texas	3.6	Oregon	1.3	
Arizona	2.9	Arizona	1.0	
New York	2.3	Nevada	0.8	
Illinois	2.0	Texas	0.7	
Florida	1.8	Washington	0.7	
Other States	26.2	Other States	4.3	
Total	100.0	Total	100.0	

Modes of Transportation for Shipments Originating in California					
Modes	Percent of value	Percent of weight			
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service, or courier service	14.2	0.4			
Truck (for-hire, private, and both private truck and for-hire truck)	67.4	73.7			
Air (including truck and air)	4.7	**			
Rail	1.7	2.2			
Water (inland water, Great Lakes, deep sea, truck and water, and rail and water)	0.1	-			
Pipeline*	2.7	14.3			
Truck and rail intermodal combination	0.7	0.2			
Other intermodal (truck and pipeline, inland and Gt. Lakes, inland and deep sea)	0.5	1.8			
Other, unknown, and withheld for sampling and disclosure reasons	8.0	7.4			
Total	100.0	100.0			

Domestic Distance Shipped for Commodities Originating in California					
Distance	Percent of value	Percent of weight			
Less than 50 miles	39.2	68.3			
50 to 99 miles	8.5	8.7			
100 to 249 miles	6.6	7.6			
250 to 499 miles	11.0	8.6			
500 to 749 miles	3.6	1.5			
750 to 999 miles	3.6	1.0			
1,000 to 1,499 miles	5.1	0.9			
1,500 to 1,999 miles	8.3	1.6			
2,000 miles or more	14.0	1.7			
Total	100.0	100.0			

- * CFS data for pipelines exclude most shipments of crude oil.
- ** Some or all data suppressed to avoid disclosure or because data are statistically unreliable.
- Represents zero or less than 1 unit of measurement.

NOTE: Data are estimates based on a sample and subject to error. See Appendix B, "Reliability of the Data," in source document.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 1992 Census of Transportation, Communications, and Utilities, 1993 Commodity Flow Survey, TC92-CF (Washington, DC: 1996).

90-Percent Confidence Intervals for 1993 Commodity Flow Survey State Summary: California

Tabulation by the Bureau of Transportation Statistics, U.S. Department of Transportation

Summary	Value	Weight
Total shipments originating in California (in billion \$ and million tons)	613.29 - 663.71	598.42 - 814.58
Percent of total U.S. shipments (preliminary U.S. estimate)	10.11 - 11.09	6.08 - 8.32

Commodity Shipments Originating in California Ranked by Value		Commodity Shipments Originating in California Ranked by Weight		
Commodity	Percent of value	Commodity	Percent of weight	
Food or kindred products	13.1 - 14.9	Petroleum or coal products	20.9 - 37.4	
Electrical machinery and equipment	11.3 - 14.1	Nonmetallic minerals	15.1 - 23.1	
Transportation equipment	7.5 - 13.6	Food or kindred products	9.4 - 13.0	
Machinery, including computers	7.6 - 11.8	Clay, concrete, glass or stone	8.7 - 13.3	
Petroleum or coal products	5.1 - 8.9	Lumber or wood products	3.5 - 5.3	
Other commodities	(NA)	Other commodities	(NA)	
Total	(X)	Total	(X)	

Domestic Destinations of Shipments Originating in California Ranked by Value		Domestic Destinations of Shipments Originating in California Ranked by Weight		
State	Percent of value	State	Percent of weight	
California	59.9 - 62.5	California	90.4 - 92.0	
Texas	3.1 - 4.1	Oregon	1.1 - 1.5	
Arizona	2.4 - 3.4	Arizona	0.7 - 1.3	
New York	2.0 - 2.6	Nevada	0.6 - 1.0	
Illinois	1.7 - 2.3	Texas	0.5 - 0.9	
Florida	1.5 - 2.1	Washington	0.5 - 0.9	
Other States	(NA)	Other States	(NA)	
Total	(X)	Total	(X)	

Modes of Transportation for Shipments Originating in California				
Modes	Percent of value	Percent of weight		
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service, or courier service	13.1 - 15.4	0.2 - 0.6		
Truck (for-hire, private, and both private truck and for-hire truck)	65.5 - 69.3	70.4 - 77.0		
Air (including truck and air)	4.1 - 5.3	(X)		
Rail	1.2 - 2.2	1.9 - 2.5		
Nater (inland water, Great Lakes, deep sea, truck and water, and rail and water)	(X)	(X)		
Pipeline*	1.6 - 3.9	10.0 - 18.6		
Fruck and rail intermodal combination	0.5 - 0.9	(X)		
Other intermodal (truck and pipeline, inland and Gt. Lakes, inland and deep sea)	0.3 - 0.7	0.8 - 2.8		
Other, unknown, and withheld for sampling and disclosure reasons	6.0 - 10.0	5.3 - 9.5		
Total	(X)	(X)		

Domestic Distance Shipped for Commodities Originating in California				
Distance	Percent of value	Percent of weight		
Less than 50 miles	37.4 - 41.0	66.0 - 70.6		
50 to 99 miles	7.8 - 9.2	7.4 - 10.0		
100 to 249 miles	6.1 - 7.1	5.8 - 9.4		
250 to 499 miles	10.3 - 11.7	7.0 - 10.3		
500 to 749 miles	3.3 - 3.9	1.3 - 1.7		
750 to 999 miles	2.9 - 4.3	0.7 - 1.3		
1,000 to 1,499 miles	4.4 - 5.8	0.7 - 1.1		
1,500 to 1,999 miles	7.6 - 9.0	1.3 - 1.9		
2,000 miles or more	12.5 - 15.5	1.4 - 2.0		
Total	(X)	(X)		

^{*} CFS data for pipelines exclude most shipments of crude oil.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 1992 Census of Transportation, Communications, and Utilities, 1993 Commodity Flow Survey, TC92-CF (Washington, DC: 1996).

NA Not available.

X Not applicable.

NOTE: For explanation of 90-percent confidence intervals see Appendix B, "Reliability of the Data," in source document.

1993 Commodity Flow Survey Out-of-State Shipments as Percent of State's Total Shipments

	Doroont of	
Ctata	Percent of	Descent of weight
State	value	Percent of weight
Alabama	66.2	28.8
Alaska	19.2	17.4
Arizona	57.3	23.0
Arkansas	73.7	41.0
California	38.8	8.8
Colorado	57.6	23.8
Connecticut	79.2	23.0
Delaware	85.2	72.2
Florida	36.8	18.2
Georgia	66.8	28.3
Hawaii	7.4	10.8
Idaho	68.2	35.5
Illinois	66.0	42.6
Indiana	71.6	43.9
lowa	64.9	39.6
Kansas	74.7	46.2
Kentucky	75.6	51.0
Louisiana	50.7	33.6
Maine	65.5	27.2
Maryland	69.0	43.4
Massachusetts	66.5	28.3
Michigan	52.1	26.1
Minnesota	60.0	41.3
Mississippi	71.3	43.9
Missouri	73.5	36.6
Montana	47.0	57.8
Nebraska	70.9	51.0
Nevada	74.1	19.0
New Hampshire	77.8	**
New Jersey	68.7	40.6
New Mexico	51.7	40.3
New York	58.8	23.8
North Carolina	61.9	30.4
North Dakota	62.5	43.9
Ohio	62.5	30.0
Oklahoma	65.5	45.1
Oregon	58.5	19.8
Pennsylvania	64.7	38.1
Rhode Island	79.1	45.8
South Carolina	69.5	36.5
South Dakota	60.0	44.9
Tennessee	74.4	39.2
	40.0	16.3
Texas	63.8	19.2
Utah	65.8	31.9
Vermont	63.5	28.4
Virginia	44.2	16.2
Washington	44 .2 74.6	63.7
West Virginia	74.6 64.9	30.5
Wisconsin		
Wyoming	70.8	84.3

^{**} Some or all data suppressed to avoid disclosure or because data are statistically unreliable.

SOURCE: U.S. Deaprtment of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 1992 Census of Transportation, Communications, and Utilities, 1993 Commodity Flow Survey, TC92-CF (Washington, DC: 1996).

1993 Commodity Flow Survey Shipments to California from Neighboring States

State of	Value	Weight	Percent value of	Percent weight of
origin	(million dollars)	(thousand tons)	state's shipments*	state's shipments*
Arizona	11,406	4,727	16.6	5.6
Nevada	6,022	3,543	30.7	11.5
Oregon	8,714	11,687	10.6	5.7
Utah	5,183	-	14.6	-
Washington	9,931	11,627	8.1	4.5

^{*} Percentages are based on total shipments originating in neighboring states.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 1992 Census of Transportation, Communications, and Utilities, 1993 Commodity Flow Survey, TC92-CF, 1996 (Washington, DC: 1996).

⁻ Data do not meet publication standards.

Exports To and Imports From Canada and Mexico

Surface Transborder Commodity Data

Abstract

The Bureau of Census provides the Bureau of Transportation Statistics with unpublished freight flow data by commodity type by mode of transportation (rail, truck or pipeline) for U.S. exports and imports to and from Canada and Mexico. The purpose of this program is to provide information needed to monitor increased traffic associated with the North American Free Trade Agreement and provide border communities better data to plan transportation improvements.

Source of Data

U.S. Department of Commerce/Bureau of the Census, Foreign Trade Division.

Attributes

Geographic Coverage of Data: U.S., Canadian,

Mexican totals

Time Span of Data Source: 04/93-03/95

First Developed: 1993 Update Frequency: Annual

File Format: dBase Media: CD-ROM

Significant Features/Limitations

Files are organized by commodity detail or by geographic detail to satisfy Census confidentiality regulations.

Sponsoring Organization

U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics

Availability

CD-ROM: DOT/Bureau of Transportation Statistics, 400 7th Street, SW, Room 3430, Washington, DC 20590; (202) 366-3282; Fax: (202) 366-3640.

Internet: www.bts.gov (monthly data after 3/95)

Contact for Additional Information

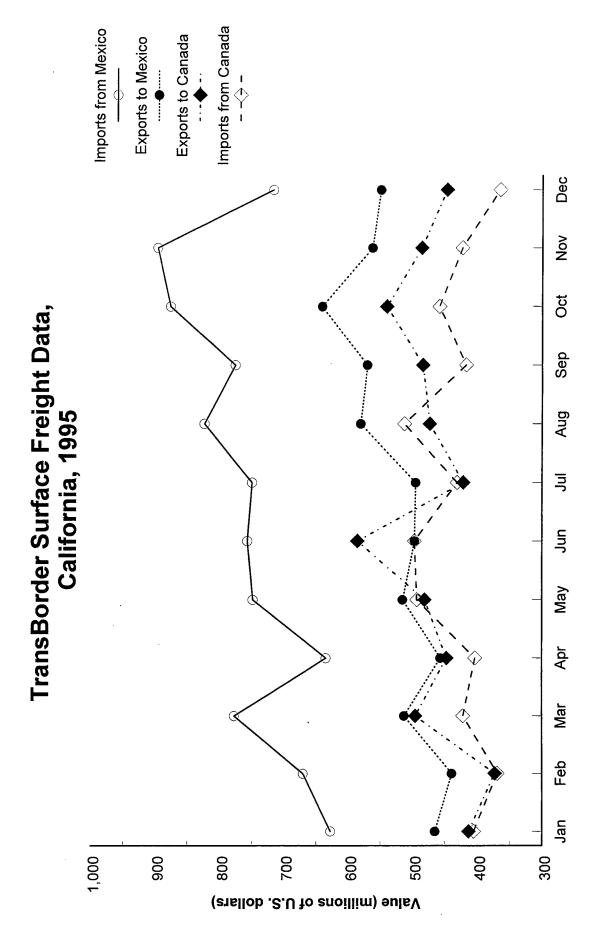
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Source: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, TransBorder Surface Trade Flow Data (Washington, DC: 1996).

TransBorder Surface Freight Data, 1995

(million dollars)

	Export to		Impor	nport from	
State	Canada	Mexico	Canada	Mexico	
Alabama	1,043	176	781	434	
Alaska	71	2	110	4	
Arizona	561	2,076	444	3,123	
Arkansas	605	96	666	94	
California	5,648	6,287	5,198	9,052	
Colorado	646	106	785	94	
Connecticut	1,428	300	1,341	309	
Delaware	663	145	437	64	
District of Columbia	32	7	111	0	
Florida	1,259	277	1,361	414	
Georgia	1,672	392	1,800	519	
•	7	3 9 2	1,800 1 42	3	
Hawaii	•	40			
Idaho	241		340	21	
Illinois	7,776	876	8,299	1,382	
Indiana	5,262	232	2,521	2,382	
lowa	1,539	191	897	57	
Kansas	1,054	324	599	52	
Kentucky	2,195	141	2,346	580	
Louisiana	642	132	362	55	
Maine	562	11	1,337	30	
Maryland	1,094	46	917	53	
Massachusetts	3,155	172	4,072	249	
Michigan	16,723	2,980	42,214	9,677	
Minnesota	2,527	143	4,686	177	
Mississippi	406	171	314	231	
Missouri	1,647	379	1,537	490	
Montana	157	19	693	6	
Nebraska	463	109	374	45	
Nevada	159	11	254	28	
New Hampshire	386	44	558	36	
New Jersey	2,870	371	3,104	741	
New Mexico	31	50	70	103	
New York	9,406	637	12,454	1,344	
	3,275	759	2,362	1,237	
North Dakota	373	37	1,068	1,237	
	10,386	596	7,238	1,992	
Ohio	560	131	7,238 319	120	
Oklahoma					
Oregon	1,468	74 504	1,581	39	
Pennsylvania	4,673	594	5,028	505	
Rhode Island	302	25	607	32	
South Carolina	1,494	183	937	742	
South Dakota	120	6	198	10	
Tennessee	2,609	467	2,303	2,153	
Texas	5,485	18,745	4,113	14,237	
Utah	332	66	611	21	
Vermont	2,460	9	3,682	7	
Virginia	1,408	162	1,615	233	
Washington	9,582	139	4,388	113	
West Virginia	356	22	4 64	46	
Wisconsin	3,749	279	3,965	196	
Wyoming	52	7	72	1	
Unidentified states	9,271	3,416	1,992	598	
	129,884	42,661	143,669	54,146	
U.S. Total	123,004	42,001	143,003	34,140	

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, *TransBorder Surface Trade Flow Data* (Washington, DC: 1996).

Rail Shipments

Rail Waybill Data, 1988-1992

Abstract

This database contains public-use, aggregate, non-confidential rail shipment data such as origin and destination points, type of commodity, number of cars, tons, revenue, length of haul, participating railroads, and interchange locations. The data are based on the Carload Waybill Sample, which is a proprietary sample of freight waybills that were submitted to the Interstate Commerce Commission (now the Surface Transportation Board) by Class I Railroads.

Source of Data

Class I Railroads.

Attributes

Geographic Coverage of Data: U.S. Class I

Railroads

Time Span of Data Source: 1988-1992

First Developed: 1994

Media: CD-ROM

Sponsoring Organization

U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics

Availability

CD-ROM: DOT/Bureau of Transportation Statistics, 400 7th Street, SW, Room 3430, Washington, DC 20590; (202) 366-3282; Fax: (202) 366-3640.

Internet: www.bts.gov

Contact for Additional Information

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E-mail: info@bts.gov

Rail Shipments From and To California, 1994*

Originated within California: major commodities shipped by rail, ranked by weight				
Commodity	Tonnage	Percent of state total		
Mixed freight	15,101,662	33		
Food products	6,620,689	14		
Chemicals	3,292,757	7		
Primary metal products	2,943,718	6		
Glass and stone	2,902,128	6		

Terminated within California: major commodities shipped by rail, ranked by weight				
Commodity	Tonnage	Percent of state total		
Mixed freight	16,027,897	21		
Chemicals	8,257,417	11		
Food products	7,980,968	11		
Farm products	7,282,182	10		
Primary metal products	5,831,126	8		

^{*}The five largest (by tonnage terminated and originated) of the 36 two-digit Standard Transportation Commodity Code groupings, and the percentage that commodity represents of all tonnage handled within the state.

SOURCE: Rail Waybill Data, compiled by the DOT Surface Transportation Board (formerly part of the Interstate Commerce Commission) and the DOT Federal Railroad Administration (Washington, DC: 1996).

Waterborne Commerce

Origin and Destination of Waterborne Commerce of the United States, Public Domain Data

Abstract

This database contains aggregated information that depicts waterborne commodity movements between 26 geographical regions or between individual states of the United States. This database protects the confidentiality of the data provided by the individual companies and provides the origin/destination of commodity flows.

Sources of Data

Vessel operating companies file vessel operations reports.

Attributes

Geographic Coverage of Data: U.S. totals, U.S.

territories

Time Span of Data Source: 1985-1994

First Developed: 1985 Update Frequency: Annual

File Format: ASCII

Media: Diskette, Printed Source, CD-ROM

Significant Features/Limitations

All companies moving commerce by water are required by law to report.

Sponsoring Organization

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Products and Services Office

Corresponding Print Source

Origin and Destination of Waterborne Commerce of the United States, Public Domain

Availability

Diskette and Printed Source: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Products and Services Office, Waterborne Commerce Statistics Center, P.O. Box 61280, New Orleans, LA 70161-1280; (504) 862-1424; Fax: (504) 862-1423. Price, \$5/data file; \$15/printed source.

CD-ROM: DOT/Bureau of Transportation Statistics, 400 7th Street, SW, Room 3430, Washington, DC 20590; (202) 366-3282; Fax: (202) 366-3640.

Contact for Additional Information

Thomas Mire
Data Manager
COE/Waterborne Commerce Statistics Office
(504) 862-1424, Fax: (504) 862-1423

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United States Waterway Data

Abstract

This collection of data bases is a compilation of information related to the navigable waters in the United States including inland, off-shore, Great Lakes and Saint Lawrence Seaway. Data on commerce, facilities and performance, imports and exports, and accidents are included along with the geographic waterways network.

Sources of Data

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Waterborne Commerce Statistics Center and Navigation Data Center; U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census; and U.S. Coast Guard.

Attributes

Geographic Coverage of Data: U.S. navigable

waterways

First Developed: 1994 Update Frequency: Annual

File Format: ASCII Media: CD-ROM

Sponsoring Organization

U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics

Availability

DOT/Bureau of Transportation Statistics, 400 7th Street, SW, Room 3430, Washington, DC 20590; (202) 366-3282; Fax: (202) 366-3640.

Contact for Additional Information

Staff

DOT/BTS, K-40

(202) 366-3282, Fax: (202) 366-3640

E-mail: info@bts.gov

Waterborne Tonnage for California, 1994 (thousand tons)

 Domestic
 Foreign
 Total

 Shipping . . .
 6,662
 45,724
 52,386

 Receiving . . .
 56,438
 45,319
 101,757

 Intrastate . . .
 29,229
 29,229

91,043

183,372

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, *United States Waterway Data CD-ROM*, BTS CD-18 (Washington, DC: 1996).

92,329

Total

Waterborne Shipments Originating in California, 1994

	Thousand	
Destination	tons	Percent
Alaska	335	0.4
California	29,229	35.8
Canada	225	0.3
Florida	196	0.2
Foreign	45,499	55.7
Guam	137	0.2
Hawaii	2,652	3.2
Louisiana	18	0.0
New York	1	0.0
Oregon	2,326	2.9
Other	8	0.0
South Carolina	14	0.0
Texas	189	0.2
Washington	787	1.0
Total	81,615	100.0

SOURCE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Waterborne Commerce Statistics Center, *State-to-State Public Domain Database* (New Orleans, LA: 1996).

Waterborne Shipments Originating in California, 1994

	Thousand	
Commodity	tons	Percent
Coal, lignite, and coal coke	3,031	3.7
Crude petroleum	12,738	15.6
Petroleum products	33,029	40.5
Chemical fertilizers	158	0.2
Chemicals excluding fertilizers	5,019	6.1
Lumber, logs, wood chips, and pulp	3,859	4.7
Sand, gravel, shells, clay, salt, and slag	4,181	5.1
Iron ore, iron, and steel waste and scrap	2,501	3.1
Non-ferrous ores and scrap	381	0.5
Primary non-metal products	1,009	1.2
Primary metal products	779	1.0
Food and food products	9,225	11.3
Manufactured goods	2,484	3.0
Unknown and not elsewhere classified products	3,221	3.9
Total	81,615	100.0

SOURCE: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Waterborne Commerce Statistics Center, *State-to-State Public Domain Database* (New Orleans, LA: 1996).

Transportation Establishments

1992 Census of Transportation Geographic Area Series (TC92-A-1)

Abstract

Presents data for establishments with payroll from selected transportation services for the United States, each state, District of Columbia, and selected Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs). Presents general statistics on number of establishments, revenue, payroll, and employment by varied transportation classifications. Data are also provided on revenue and employees per establishment, and on revenue and payroll per employee. Comparative statistics showing percent changes in revenue and payroll between 1982 and 1992 are also shown for some kind-of-business classifications.

Source of Data

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 1992 Economic Census; 1992 Census of Transportation (transportation companies).

Attributes

Geographic Coverage of Data: U.S. totals, state, District of Columbia, selected MSAs Time Span of Data Source: 01/92-12/92

First Developed: 1991

Update Frequency: Quinquennial Media: Tape, Printed source

Significant Features/Limitations

Covers selected transportation industries as defined in Division E of the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual. Includes all establishments with one or more paid employees primarily engaged in these classifications: SIC 42, motor freight transportation and warehousing; SIC 44, water transportation; and SIC 47, transportation services. Excludes firms without paid employees, governmental establishments, and auxiliary establishments.

Sponsoring Organization

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Business Division

Availability

Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402; (202) 512-1800.

Contact for Additional Information

Sidney Marcus Chief DOC/Bureau of the Census Utilities Census Branch (301) 457-2786, Fax: (301) 457-4576

Larry Britt Assistant Chief DOC/Bureau of the Census Utilities Census Branch (301) 457-2786, Fax: (301) 457-4576

California Summary Statistics for the 1992 Census of Transportation

	Establishments	Revenue	Annual payroll	Paid employees *
Kind of business	(number)	(\$1,000)	(\$1,000)	(number)
Passenger transportation	1,431	1,698,465	681,318	40,470
Local and suburban passenger transportation	964	1,015,825	419,396	21,734
Local and suburban transit	183	226,119	122,231	7,121
Other local passenger transportation	781 51	789,706	297,165	14,613
Sightseeing bus	284	76,510	20,741	789
Limousine service	264 346	105,837 520,671	31,114 214,786	2,868 8,979
Other local passenger transportation, n.e.c	100	86,688	30,524	1,977
Taxicabs	147	113,081	30,290	2,453
Other bus transportation and terminal service	320	569,559	231,632	16,283
Intercity and rural bus service	67	92,698	45,838	2,195
Charter bus service	160	191,295	58,235	3,453
Local charter bus	73	83,252	26,129	1,487
Charger bus, except local	87	108,043	32,106	1,966
School buses	90	285,374	127,498	10,619
Bus terminal and service facilities	3	192	61	16
Motor freight transportation and warehousing	11,084	14,882,372	4,116,559	165,725
Trucking and courier services, except air	9,460	13,613,722	3,818,508	152,781
Local trucking without storage	4,897	4,532,212	1,137,304	44,582
Household goods moving	402	98,905	30,046	2,422
General freight	1,405	1,251,864	363,514	13,808
Garbage and trash collection	505	1,517,444	354,135	11,638
Dump trucking	1,244	846,639	153,239	6,852
Other local trucking without storage	1,341	817,360	236,370	9,862
Hazardous materials	73 547	72,946 304,222	21,186 76,200	764 3,082
Agricultural products Other local trucking without storage, n.e.c	721	440,192	138,984	6,016
Trucking, except local	2,962	5,274,838	1,421,071	49,254
Household goods moving	328	442,386	102,814	4,156
General freight trucking	1,645	3,386,420	969,139	32,353
Other trucking, except local	989	1,446,032	349,118	12,745
Hazardous materials	126	252,955	74,261	2,470
Agricultural products	418	584,780	129,008	4,893
Other trucking except local, n.e.c.	445	608,297	145,849	5,382
Local trucking with storage	765	885,990	249,682	11,366
Household goods moving	492	562,257	152,377	7,265
Other local trucking with storage	273	323,733	97,305	4,101
Courier services, except by air	836	2,920,682	1,010,451	47,579
Public warehousing and storage	1,624	1,268,650	298,051	12,944
Farm products warehousing and storage	56	63,177	17,301	627
Refrigerated warehousing and storage	128	278,656	74,797	2,706
General warehousing and storage	1,260	720,371	147,274	7,548
General goods warehousing	269	333,974	106,861	4,674
Self-service or mini warehousing	991	386,397	40,413	2,874
Special warehousing and storage, n.e.c	180 0	206,446 0	58,679 0	2,063 0
Trucking terminal facilities	513	4,139,790	945,666	20,734
Water transportation of freight	52	1,862,481	243,264	4,315
Deep sea foreign and domestic freight	49	1,002,401	2-10,20 -1	HH
Deep sea foreign freight	29	928,045	119,607	2,162
Deep sea domestic freight	20	**	**	GG
Other water transportation of freight	3	**	**	AA
Great Lakes-St Lawrence Seaway freight	Ö	0	0	0
Water transportation of freight, n.e.c.	3	**	**	AA
Water transportation of passengers	80	628,292	75,645	3,540
Ferries	10	**	**	EE
Water transportation of passengers except by ferry	70	**	**	HH
Deep sea transportation, except by ferry	8	530,034	45,336	1,933
Water transportation of passengers, n.e.c.	62	**	**	GG
Services incidental to water transportation	381	1,649,017	626,757	12,879
Marinas	194	120,686	25,245 601 513	1,234
Other services incidental to water transportation .	187	1,528,331	601,512 547,450	11,645
Marine cargo handling	79	1,370,280	547,450 30.246	9,844 971
Towing and tugboat services	33	80,494	30,246	9/1

California Summary Statistics for the 1992 Census of Transportation (continued)

	Establishments	Revenue	Annual payroll	Paid employees *
Kind of business	(number)	(\$1,000)	(\$1,000)	(number)
Water transportation services, n.e.c	75	77,557	23,816	830
Air transportation #	1,216	5,169,056	108,486	36,400
Air transportation, including air courier services #	813	4,557,593	812,579	27,104
Scheduled and air courier services #	622	4,257,146	750,127	25,077
Nonscheduled	191	300,447	62,452	2,027
Airport terminal services	403	611,463	205,907	9,296
Pipelines, except natural gas	55	187,054	81,504	1,579
Refined petroleum pipelines	21	**	**	EE
Other pipelines	34	**	**	GG
Transportation services	6,771	3,373,027	1,222,815	49,573
Arrangement of passenger transportation	4,843	1,463,317	585,963	28,193
Travel agencies	4,199	1,004,706	402,446	20,841
Other arrangement of passenger transportation	644	458,611	183,517	7,352
Tour operators	497	339,333	133,163	5,554
Arrangement of passenger transportation, n.e.c.	147	119,278	50,354	1,798
Freight shipping services	1,683	1,583,723	576,110	18,357
Freight forwarding	886	878,650	296,520	9,790
Arrangement of freight and cargo, n.e.c	797	705,073	279,590	8,567
Other transportation services	245	325,987	60,742	3,023
Rental of railroad cars	13	**	**	CC
Miscellaneous services incidental to transportation	232	**	**	HH
Packing and crating	95	50,574	13,785	845
Fixed facilities, inspection & weighting services	46	**	**	EE
Transportation services, n.e.c.	91	84,281	31,456	1,493

^{*} Paid employees for pay period including March 12.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 1992 Census of Transportation, Communications, and Utilities, UC92-A-1 (Washington, DC: 1995).

^{**} Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies; data are included in broader kind-of-business totals.

[#] Data do not include large, certificated passenger carriers that report to the Office of Airline Statistics, U.S. Department of Transportation.

AA = Employment size 0-19.

BB = Employment size 20-99.

CC = Employment size 100-249.

EE = Employment size 250-499.

FF = Employment size 500-999.

GG = Employment size 1,000-2,499.

HH = Employment size 2,500-4,999.

Truck Registration	and	Vehicle-Miles	Traveled
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Truck Inventory and Use Survey (TIUS)

Abstract

This database provides detailed information on the physical and operational characteristics of the Nation's truck population. Collected from an approximately 154,000 truck sample, individual state and United States estimates are produced. Physical characteristics include model year, body type, empty weight, truck type, axle arrangement, length, and engine size. Operational characteristics include major use, products carried, annual and lifetime miles, area of operation, miles per gallon, operator classification, and hazardous materials transported.

Source of Data

Owners of private and commercial trucks registered in each state complete a mail survey.

Attributes

Geographic Coverage of Data: U.S. totals, 50

states, District of Columbia Time Span of Data Source: 1992

First Developed: 1963

Update Frequency: Quinquennial

Last Update: 1995 File Format: ASCII

Media: CD-ROM, Microdata File, Printed

Source

Significant Features/Limitations

Only source of comprehensive data collected for trucks that are classified by their physical and operational characteristics and that also provide microdata records to data users of the

transportation community. The records on the microdata file are modified to avoid disclosure of a sampled vehicle or operating company.

Corresponding Print Source

1992 Census of Transportation, Truck Inventory and Use Survey

Sponsoring Organization

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census

Availability

Data File: DOC/Bureau of the Census, Customer Services, Washington, DC 20233; (301) 457-4100.

Printed Source: Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, P. O. Box 371954, Pittsburgh, PA 15250-7954. Price, \$2.50/Individual State Report; \$15.00/U.S. Summary Report.

CD-ROM: DOT/Bureau of Transportation Statistics, 400 7th Street, S.W., Room 3430, Washington, DC 20590; (202) 366-3282; Fax: (202) 366-3640.

Contact for Additional Information

Robert Crowther Chief, Transportation Characteristics Branch DOC/Bureau of the Census (301) 457-2797, Fax: (301) 457-2374

Commercial and Private Truck Registration 1992 Truck Inventory and Use Survey (TIUS)

	A-4-2***	Doroont shangs
01-1-	4000 TILE	Percent change
State	1992 TIUS	1987 to 1992
Alabama	1,166,900	30.6
Alaska	200,500	17.7
Arizona	999,500	31.8
Arkansas	748,700	43.8
California	7,150,200	50.7
Colorado	1,092,900	12.3
Connecticut	543,600	24.1
Delaware	172,900	43.7
District of Columbia	29,400	48.1
Florida	2,673,200	38.9
Georgia	1,644,200	35.9
Hawaii	280,300	74.3
Idaho	467,000	46.7
Illinois	2,271,600	41.7
Indiana	1,414,300	31.4
lowa	930,600	37.0
Kansas	1,001,700	37.5
Kentucky	1,015,900	25.7
Louisiana	1,123,800	21.3
Maine	338,600	30.6
Maryland	940,700	42.2
	878,700	30.4
Massachusetts	2,166,200	39.9
Michigan		36.0
Minnesota	1,155,900	29.4
Mississippi	647,600	33.8
Missouri	1,357,100	18.1
Montana	371,800	
Nebraska	533,900	20.2
Nevada	387,600	55.8
New Hampshire	306,300	31.3
New Jersey	1,098,500	36.3
New Mexico	581,100	23.8
New York	1,999,700	29.8
North Carolina	1,760,000	28.4
North Dakota	290,500	8.4
Ohio	2,188,900	26.1
Oklahoma	1,080,100	19.5
Oregon	1,059,000	27.5
Pennsylvania	2,367,600	40.3
Rhode Island	158,700	31.7
South Carolina	840,600	40.7
South Dakota	295,000	20.9
Tennessee	1,462,700	43.8
Texas	4,373,000	10.6
Utah	510,000	34.5
Vermont	157,000	20.2
Virginia	1,516,700	33.1
Washington	1,541,600	39.9
West Virginia	476,800	12.9
Wisconsin	1,196,800	48.4
Wyoming	234,900	4.7
-	59,200,800	32.8
U.S. Total	00,200,000	<u> </u>

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 1992 Census of Transportation, Truck Inventory and Use Survey, TC92-T-1 - TC92-T-51 (Washington, DC: 1995).

Trucks Registered in California by Size, Major Use, and Range of Operation 1992 Truck Inventory and Use Survey

Size in gross vehicle weight (gvw)	Number of trucks (thousands)	Percent
Light trucks (10,000 pounds or less gvw)	6,764.5	94.6
Medium trucks (10,001-19,500 pounds gvw)	158.7	2.2
Light-heavy trucks (19,501-26,000 pounds gvw)	58.5	0.8
Heavy-heavy trucks (26,001 pounds or more gvw)	168.5	2.4
Total	7,150.2	100.0
Major use		
Personal transportation	4,861.8	68.0
For-hire transportation	78.5	1.1
Other business use (private trucking)		
Agriculture	211.4	3.0
Forestry and lumbering	6.7	0.1
Mining and quarrying	-	-
Construction	532.5	7.4
Manufacturing	106.1	1.5
Wholesale trade	177.0	2.5
Retail trade	181.4	2.5
Utilities	44.0	0.6
Services	569.9	8.0
Daily and one-way rental	67.9	1.0
Other	-	-
Not in use	298.0	4.2
Range of operation (miles from vehicle's home base)		
Local (less than 50 miles)	5,220.4	73.0
Short range (50-200 miles)	1,049.3	14.7
Long range (beyond 200 miles)	399.4	5.6

⁻ Suppressed because data are statistically unreliable. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 1992 Census of Transportation, Truck Inventory and Use Survey, TC92-T-5 (Washington, DC: 1994).

Percent Vehicle Miles Traveled Outside Base State for Trucks by Use 1992 Truck Inventory and Use Survey

	Personal	For-hire	Other
State	use	transportation	business use
Alabama	7.7	62.9	15.1
Alaska	3.3	4.0	4.3
Arizona	7.2	43.2	7.4
Arkansas	6.9	76.6	17.7
California	4.7	17.5	2.5
Colorado	8.1	47.8	7.6
Connecticut	9.5	39.7	8.5
Delaware	14.8	55.1	20.5
District of Columbia	39.4	93.7	30.5
Florida	6.7	46.3	5.8
Georgia	7.9	46.7	14.3
Hawaii	0.1	0.0	0.0
Idaho	10.9	52.2	14.1
	9.6	44.4	11.5
Illinois		60.1	21.6
Indiana	7.9		14.7
lowa	8.4	63.9	
Kansas	9.4	54.4	10.3
Kentucky	7.7	50.4	10.7
Louisiana	9.5	37.6	8.3
Maine	7.7	47.3	12.4
Maryland	10.2	44.5	15.3
Massachusetts	9.9	30.8	12.0
Michigan	7.3	46.7	6.1
Minnesota	7.0	49.8	9.1
Mississippi	10.2	68.2	14.7
Missouri	7.8	65.6	12.4
Montana	6.6	58.3	10.8
Nebraska	7.1	64.2	9.7
Nevada	11.1	33.6	14.6
New Hampshire	15.7	49.1	21.1
New Jersey	12.1	48.3	14.1
New Mexico	11.7	35.3	12.2
New York	8.1	37.6	7.0
North Carolina	8.0	55.6	11.4
North Dakota	10.9	58.9	12.5
Ohio	7.9	47.1	10.6
Oklahoma	8.2	49.0	9.5
Oregon	8.2	39.1	8.2
Pennsylvania	9.6	49.3	14.5
Rhode Island	13.9	77.0	22.8
	7.9	46.8	11.0
South Carolina	7. 3 9.4	64.9	10.1
South Dakota	5.4 5.4	65.7	12.4
Tennessee	= :		
Texas	4.4 7.4	34.1 65.7	5.8 11.8
Utah	7.4	65.7 54.6	
Vermont	12.2	54.6	15.3
Virginia	9.9	30.0	9.4
Washington	5.6	30.4	8.6
West Virginia	11.8	45.6	17.5
Wisconsin	8.5	58.4	10.8
Wyoming	10.6	48.3	10.0

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, 1992 Census of Transportation, Truck Inventory and Use Survey, Microdata File on CD (Washington, DC: 1995).

Highway Statistics

Abstract

This annual publication compiles a wide range of information on highway extent, condition, performance, use, and finance. Freight-related tables include numbers of trucks and trailers by State, vehicle miles of travel, and information on commercial drivers licenses.

Source of Data

State agencies.

Attributes

Geographic Coverage of Data: U.S. totals, 50

states, District of Columbia Time Span of Data Source: 1994

First Developed: 1945 Update Frequency: Annual

Last Update: 1995

File Format: HTML, Excel

Media: CD-ROM, Internet, Printed Source

Significant Features/Limitations

Data on numbers of trucks and truck vehicle miles of travel are not consistent between Highway Statistics and the Census Bureau's Truck Inventory and Use Survey. Highway Statistics is based on the total number of vehicles registered in each State throughout the reporting year, while the Truck Inventory and Use Survey is based on a snapshot of the vehicle fleet at the middle of the year. Vehicle types are also classified differently.

Sponsoring Organization

U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration

Availability

Printed Source: DOT/FHWA, Office of Highway Information Management, HPM-1, Washington, DC 20590; (202) 366-0180.

CD-ROM: DOT/Bureau of Transportation Statistics, 400 7th Street, SW, Room 3430, Washington, DC 20590; (202) 366-3282; Fax: (202) 366-3640.

Internet: www.bts.gov.

Contact for Additional Information

Staff
DOT/FHWA, Office of Highway Information
Management, HPM-1
(202) 366-0180

Trailer and Semi-Trailer Registrations 1994 Highway Statistics

		0.1	5 10 1	
		Other private or	Publicly-	
S	Commercial	commercial	owned	T-4-1
State	trailers	trailers*	trailers	Total
Alabama	56,393	72,577	1,021	129,991
Alaska	16,754	69,096	1,198	87,048
Arizona	48,917	247,547	3,736	300,200
Arkansas	34,429	391,183	271	425,883
California	683,252	2,026,667	42,686	2,752,605
Colorado	57,175	208,655	2,143	267,973
Connecticut	28,455	138,789	2,604	169,848
Delaware	12,527	28,796	608	41,931
District of Columbia	95	1,015	466	1,576
Florida	116,332	947,866	27,212	1,091,410
Georgia	110,972	395,974	3,519	510,465
Hawaii	3,984	16,727	776	21,487
Idaho	18,115	97,038	2,807	117,960
Illinois	78,834	438,631	906	518,371
Indiana	89,883	331,914	2,046	423,843
lowa	75,579	285,196	3,847	364,622
Kansas	80,277	41,429	859	122,565
Kentucky	39,658	58,449	164	98,271
Louisiana	206,264	310,085	2,437	518,786
Maine	533,693	101,587	2,192	637,472
Maryland	14,313	203,227	479	218,019
Massachusetts	23,518	152,277	229	176,024
Michigan	87,159	826,803	4,339	918,301
Minnesota	177,779	624,216	3,786	805,781
Mississippi	28,061	75,577	1,509	105,147
Missouri	82,155	310,025	478	392,658
Montana	17,353	155,223	3,013	175,589
Nebraska	69,289	165,050	907	235,246
Nevada	9,634	108,466	1,170	119,270
New Hampshire	8,718	86,372	1,072	96,162
New Jersey	40,059	277,682	251	317,992
New Mexico	16,935	89,028	2,988	108,951
New York	19,721	512,189	6,078	537,988
North Carolina	81,229	450,253	8,544	540,026
North Dakota	18,538	38,398	723	57,659
Ohio	132,811	511,068	6,457	650,336
Oklahoma	81,517	70,630	1,791	153,938
Oregon	46,401	235,553	8,478	290,432
Pennsylvania	123,690	549,796	3,994	677,480
Rhode Island	6,350	35,789	837	42,976
South Carolina	34,289	28,932	1,071	64,292
South Dakota	25,348	101,192	1,263	127,803
Tennessee	29,279	32,622	376	62,277
Texas	206,931	1,202,425	34,831	1,444,187
Utah	22,807	92,193	478	115,478
Vermont	2,989	58,159	866	62,014
Virginia	74,477	217,809	2,523	294,809
Washington	139,976	424,434	2,043	566,453
West Virginia	35,878	72,102	4,170	112,150
Wisconsin	164,369	48,587	1,571	214,527
Wyoming	7,835	108,838	997	117,670
U.S. Total	4,120,994	14,074,140	208,809	18,403,943

^{*} Includes light farm trailers, car trailers, house trailers, etc. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, *Highway Statistics, 1994*, FHWA-PL-95-042 (Washington, DC: 1995).

Motor Carrier Statistics

Motor Carrier Financial and Operational Statistics

Abstract

This data program was transferred to the Bureau of Transportation Statistics by the Interstate Commerce Commission Termination Act of 1995. Class I and II Motor Carriers of Property and Passengers are required to submit financial, employee, operating, and other data pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 14123. Unless otherwise prohibited, these reports are made available to the public through a reports reference facility. In addition, selected data are published in aggregate and for the largest carriers.

Source of Data

Class I and Class II Motor Carriers of Property and Class I Motor Carriers of Passengers.

Attributes

Geographic Coverage of Data: Class I and Class II Motor Carriers of Property and Class I Motor Carriers of Passengers.

Update Frequency: Continuously

Media: Printed Source

Significant Features/Limitations

The reports from carriers are made available unaudited and unedited.

Sponsoring Organization

U.S. Department of Transportation, Bureau of Transportation Statistics

Availability

DOT/Bureau of Transportation Statistics, 400 7th Street, SW, Room 4201, Washington, DC 20590; (202) 366-4383; Fax: (202) 366-3383.

Contact for Additional Information

Staff

DOT/Bureau of Transportation Statistics (202) 366-4383, Fax: (202) 366-3383

E-mail: mcs@bts.gov

State Data

Due to the recent transfer of the program to BTS, state-level data are not available for publication. In the future, BTS plans to publish selected earnings and other data for carriers by state.

Fatal Truck Crashes

Truck and Bus Accident Factbook

Abstract

This report presents aggregate statistics on trucks and buses involved in traffic accidents.

Sources of Data

Federal Highway Administration, Office of Motor Carriers (accident statistics reported through the SAFETYNET data system); National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (General Estimates System and Fatal Accident Reporting System); and The University of Michigan, Transportation Research Institute (Trucks Involved in Fatal Accidents file).

Attributes

Geographic Coverage of Data: United States Update Frequency: Annual Media: Printed Source

Sponsoring Organizations

Michigan Office of Highway Safety Planning; U. S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, Office of Motor Carriers

Performing Organization

University of Michigan, Transportation Research Institute

Availability

Center for National Truck Statistics, University of Michigan Transportation Research Institute, 2901 Baxter Road, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48109; (313) 764-0248; Fax: (313) 936-1081.

Contact for Additional Information

Truck and Bus Accident Factbook, SAFETYNET, and Trucks Involved in Fatal Accidents

Ralph Craft
DOT/ Federal Highway Administration
(202) 366-0324, Fax: (202) 366-7298
E-mail: ralph.craft@fhwa.dot.gov

Fatal Accident Reporting System

Chuck Venturi DOT/ National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (202) 366-4709, Fax: (202) 366-7078

Number of Fatal Involvements by State and Combination Type, 1993

State	Single-unit	One-trailer	Multi-trailer	Total
Alabama	36	108	3	147
Alaska	2	1	0	3
Arizona	29	36	4	69
Arkansas	16	82	4	102
California	104	197	59	360
Colorado	23	36	0	59
Connecticut	10	15	1	26
Delaware	5	17	0	22
District of Columbia	2	1	1	4
Florida	94	198	2	294
Georgia	61	99	6	166
Hawaii	1	2	1	4
Idaho	5	5	1	11
Illinois	39	110	3	152
Indiana	49	81	3	135
lowa	22	63	0	85
	16	45	7	68
Kansas	38	43 67	ó	105
Kentucky		60	1	82
Louisiana	21	15	Ö	21
Maine	6		0	50
Maryland	24	26 46	_	37
Massachusetts	21	16	0	
Michigan	26	68	17	111
Minnesota	20	43	0	63
Mississippi *	1	4	0	90
Missouri	24	78	6	108
Montana	3	8	1	12
Nebraska	14	41	1	56
Nevada	6	16	3	25
New Hampshire	4	3	0	7
New Jersey	35	40	1	76
New Mexico	9	25	4	38
New York	82	64	2	148
North Carolina	64	142	3	209
North Dakota	7	10	0	17
Ohio	66	127	2	195
Oklahoma	28	57	3	88
Oregon	10	46	7	63
Pennsylvania	72	122	3	197
Rhode Island	5	3	0	8
South Carolina	24	65	2	91
South Dakota	6	11	0	17
Tennessee	45	76	2	123
Texas	93	257	10	360
Utah	8	19	1	28
Vermont	4	9	0	13
Virginia	33	60	2	95
Washington	18	36	9	63
West Virginia	13	29	0	42
Wisconsin	28	61	2	91
Wyoming	3	11	1	15
U.S. Total	1,375	2,811	178	4,451

^{*} Truck configuration is generally unavailable for Mississippi because the state does not release police reports to the TIFA project.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, *Truck and Bus Accident Factbook 1993*, UMTRI-95-43 (Washington, DC: 1995).

Rail Accidents and Fatalities

Railroad Accident/Incident Reporting System (RAIRS)

Abstract

RAIRS contains four data bases: rail equipment, injury/illness, grade-crossing accidents, and railroad summary (freight and passenger). These data bases include information on all railroad accidents, grade-crossing accidents, railroad employee casualties, and any other injuries on railroad property. These data bases provide the basis for accident analyses and assessment as well as annual reports.

Source of Data

Railroads.

Attributes

Geographic Coverage of Data: U.S. totals Time Span of Data Source: 1976-present

First Developed: 1975 Update Frequency: Monthly File Format: Sequential

Media: 9-Track Tape, Diskette, Printed Source,

Internet

Corresponding Printed Source

Rail Highway Grade-Crossing Accident/Incident and Inventory Bulletin

Accident/Incident Bulletin

Sponsoring Organization

U.S. Department of Transportation/Federal Railroad Administration, Systems Support Division

Availability

Data file: DOT/FRA, Systems Support Division, RRS-22, 400 7th Street, SW, Washington, DC 20590; (202) 366-2760; Fax: (202) 366-7592. Price \$35/tape, non-government agencies. No charge to government, railroad, or railroad labor requesters.

Internet: gopher.dot.gov/1/fra/safety

Contact for Additional Information

Robert Finkelstein, Chief DOT/FRA, RRS-22 (202) 366-2760, Fax: (202) 366-7592

Number of Rail Accidents and Fatalities, 1995*

			Rail-highway	Rail-highway
	Railroad	Railroad	grade crossing	grade crossing
State	accidents**	fatalities**	accidents ***	fatalities***
Alabama	5	0	166	16
Alaska	3	0	3	0
Arizona	25	0	30	2
Arkansas	27	0	137	22
California	49	1	154	21
Colorado	29	0	51	11
Connecticut	0	0	3	1
Delaware	2	0	2	0
Florida	20	0	78	22
Georgia	16	0	137	16
Hawaii	0	0	0	0
Idaho	21	0	28	7
Illinois	83	3	226	34
Indiana	24	0	242	29
lowa	53	Ō	95	9
Kansas	37	Ö	83	15
Kentucky	17	Ō	93	7
Louisiana	31	. 0	193	26
Maine	4	Ö	6	0
Maryland	4	ő	10	Ö
Massachusetts	6	Ö	10	1
Michigan	25	ő	116	5
Minnesota	48	Ö	116	18
	44	Ö	145	31
Mississippi	43	2	112	22
	24	0	14	4
Montana	53	0	73	7
Nebraska	1	1	73	4
Nevada	2	Ó	5	0
New Hampshire	6	0	13	2
New Jersey	11	1	16	5
New Mexico	44	Ö	46	9
New York	10	0	121	11
North Carolina	28	0	34	7
North Dakota		-	215	36
Ohio	43	0	103	15
Oklahoma	30	0	30	12
Oregon	17	-		
Pennsylvania	46	0	67	10
Rhode Island	0	0	1	0
South Carolina	9	0	102	6
South Dakota	35	0	33	4
Tennessee	25	0	89	11
Texas	111	1	407	55
Utah	10	0	24	7
Vermont	3	0	4	0
Virginia	21	0	56 65	6
Washington	35	0	65	3
West Virginia	16	0	31	1
Wisconsin	41	1	111	13
Wyoming	35	1	11	0
U.S. Total	1,272	11	3,914	543

^{*} Includes only accidents/incidents involving freight trains or mixed freight and passenger trains.

^{**} Includes only collisions, derailments, or other events involving the operation of railroad on-track equipment resulting in damages that exceed \$6,300.

*** Includes any highway-rail collision regardless of severity.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Railroad Administration, Railroad Accident/Incident Reporting System (RAIRS) (Washington, DC: 1996).

Hazardous Materials Incidents

Hazardous Materials Incident Reporting System

Abstract

This system is used to process information on the unintentional release of hazardous materials during the course of transportation. This information is compiled in accordance with the requirement levied in the Transportation Safety Act of 1974, Public Law 93-633. The major uses of the system are to highlight problem areas, pinpoint need for corrective action, and provide a statistical compilation of all accidents and incidents involving hazardous materials. The system contains information on each reported incident and consists of data elements such as the date of the incident, location, shipper, carrier, commodity involved, and other detailed information concerning the packaging and nature of the incident. Monthly and yearly reports are generated and include, but are not limited to, incidents by mode, incidents involving exemptions, commodity, container, cause and state summaries.

Source of Data

Carriers of hazardous materials are required to report to the U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Special Programs Administration certain unintentional release that occurred during transportation. These reports include (a) immediate telephone notification made to the U.S. Coast Guard's national Response Center (NRC) since 1982; and (b) written reports on hazardous material spills, Form F5800.1, made within 30 days of the incident and collected since 1971.

Attributes

Geographic Coverage of Data: U.S. totals, 50 states, District of Columbia, county, city, U.S. territories, Canada

Time Span of Data Source: 1971-present

First Developed: 1971

Update Frequency: Quarterly/written report;

daily/telephone report

File Format: System 1032 (VAX) Media: 9-Track Tape, Diskette, Printout

Sponsoring Organization

DOT/Research and Special Programs Administration, Office of Hazardous Materials Planning and Analysis

Availability

DOT/RSPA, Office of Hazardous Materials Planning and Analysis, DHM-63, 400 7th Street, S.W., Washington, DC 20590; (202) 366-4555; Fax: (202) 366-7435. Price \$35

Contact for Additional Information

Kevin Coburn Information Systems Manager DOT/RSPA, DHM-63 (202) 366-4555, Fax: (202) 366-7435

E-mail: coburnk@rspa.dot.gov

Hazardous Materials Incident Statistics, 1995

State	Incidents	Injuries	Deaths	Damages(\$)
Alabama	168	6	0	368,895
Alaska	14	6	0	1,374
Arizona	122	4	0	785,401
Arkansas	210	4	0	814,016
California	1,090	37	3	2,751,502
Colorado	344	7	0	280,476
Connecticut	151	1	0	47,354
Delaware	17	0	0	6,390
District of Columbia	9	0	0	25,220
Florida	518	9	0	1,240,157
Georgia	435	28	0	1,114,849
Hawaii	6	0	0	976
Idaho	64	2	0	79,801
Illinois	842	29	0	3,822,414
Indiana	383	7	0	274,164
lowa	147	4	0	158,860
Kansas	243	5	0	525,010
Kentucky	338	6	1	499,510
Louisiana	212	7	0	440,723
Maine	41	0	0	12,756
Maryland	226	2	0	184,546
Massachusetts	351	4	0	220,145
Michigan	337	16	1	280,081
Minnesota	327	8	0	1,046,811
Mississippi	147	1	0	1,312,156
Missouri	364	8	0	573,229
Montana	16	0	0	590,486
Nebraska	120	1	0	55,619
Nevada	49	0	0	119,081
New Hampshire	42	1	0	19,134
New Jersey	297	9	0	307,593
New Mexico	136	2	0	209,147
New York	758	7	0	1,909,976
North Carolina	639	8	0	401,995
North Dakota	20	0	0	48,170
Ohio	1,415	29	0	1,746,188
Oklahoma	133	1	0	496,830
Oregon	254	9	0	377,948
Pennsylvania	918	14	0	1,106,324
Rhode Island	11	1	0	24,700
South Carolina	167	3	0	312,206
South Dakota	20	1	0	66,535
Tennessee	581	13	0	278,733
Texas	1,072	37	1	2,020,159
Utah	343	10	0	121,200
Vermont	15	1	. 0	148,351
Virginia	148	15	0	362,148
Washington	156	7	0	118,065
West Virginia	53	24	0	405,846
Wisconsin	129	1	0	385,791
Wyoming	77	2	0	307,309
U.S. Total	14,688	399	6	28,827,110

Source: U.S. Department of Transportation, Research and Special Programs Administration, *Hazardous Materials Information System* (Washington, DC: 1996).

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